Marks: 80 Time: 3.00 Hrs. N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory. (2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions. (3) Assumptions made should be clearly stated. (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. (5) Assume suitable data whenever required but justify the same. 1. a) Differentiate between NFA and DFA. 5 b) Compare and contrast Moore and Mealy machines. 5 c) Explain variants of Turing Machine. d) Show that the following grammer is ambiguous: 5 S --> aSbS | bSaS | ε 2. a) Convert the following RE into NFA with ε- moves and hence obtain the DFA: 10  $RE = (0 + \epsilon) (10)^* (\epsilon + 1)$ . b) Consider the following grammer  $G = \{ V, T, P, S \}$ ,  $V = \{ a, b \}$  and productions P are: S --> aSb | aX X --> Xa | Sa | a . 10 Convert the grammer in Greibach Normal Form. 3. a) Construct PDA accepting the language  $L = \{ a^{2n}b^n \mid n \ge 0 \}$ . 10 b) Construct TM to check well formedness of parenthesis. 10 4. a) Design Mealy machine to recognize r = (0 + 1) \* (00 + 11) and then convert it to 10 Moore machine. b) Consider the following grammer: S-->iCtS|iCtSeS|a C --> b . For the string "ibtaeibta", find the following: i) Left most derivation, ii) Right most derivation, iii) Parse tree, iv) Check if the above grammer is ambiguous or not. 10 5. a) Design a Turing machine that computes a function f(m,n) = m + n, the addition of two 10 integers. b) Give the formal definition of pumping lemma for regular language and then prove that the following language is not regular:  $L = \{ 0^m 1^{m+1} \mid m > 0 \}.$ 10 20 6. Write short note on following (Any two): a) Chomsky Hierarchy.

b) Decision properties of regular languages.

d) Definition and working of PDA

c) Rice's theorem.

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