

(3 Hours)

Total Marks: 80

N.B: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.**(2) Attempt any three from the remaining questions.****(3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Attempt any four
 - (a) Explain Best Case, Average Case and Worst Case. (05)
 - (b) Explain Multistage graphs. (05)
 - (c) Explain Binary search algorithm. (05)
 - (d) Define NP Class, NP hard, NP complete. (05)
 - (e) What is greedy algorithm? (05)

2.
 - (a) Write and explain sum of subset algorithm for n=5, W= {2,7,8,9,15}, M=17. (10)
 - (b) Obtain the solution to the following knapsack problem using Greedy method: n=7, m=15 (p1,p2,...,p7) = (10,5,15,7,6,18,3), (w1,w2,...,w7) = (2,3,5,7,1,4,1). (10)

3.
 - (a) What is the Longest Common Subsequence problem? Find the LCS for following strings (10)

String 1- ACBAED
String 2- ABCABE
 - (b) Explain quick sort with algorithm and example. (10)

4.
 - (a) What is Knuth Morris Pratt Method of Pattern Matching? Give Examples. (10)
 - (b) Solve the following Recurrence using Substitution Method. (10)

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } n=1 \\ 2 T(n/2) + Cn, & \text{if } n>1 \end{cases}$$

5.
 - (a) Find the Dijkstra's shortest path from vertex 1 to vertex 4 for the following graph. (10)
 - (b) Apply Merge sort algorithm to sort the following numbers. Show each step clearly. 10, 5, 7, 6, 1, 4, 8, 3, 2, 9. (10)

6. Write notes on (any two): (20)
 - (a) Find Minimum and Maximum elements of an array X[0 : 9] = (45, 83, 75, 17, 43, 37, 80, 53, 61, 22) using divide and conquer strategy.
 - (b) Naive string matching algorithm with example.
 - (c) N-queen problem algorithm with example.